FILED IN THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT [Counsel listed on signature page] 1 EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 2 JUN 2 8 2000 3 JAMES R. WILLIAM CLERK 4 SPOKANE, WASHINGTON UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 5 EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 6 NED CHARLES LUMPKIN, CAROLE BENSHAW, SUZIE FOX, AMY ROBINSON, ANN TABASINSKE, CAROLYN THOMAS, SHANNON NO. 8 -5052-EFS STENBERG, ANN MARIE BRIGHT, GARY M. WEDERSPAHN, KAREN L. RAY, PATRICIA JEAN ZÚMWALT, ANITA WETMORE, PETE WETMORE CLASS ACTION 10 COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND BERTHA CLARK, CECIL CLARK, GAIL 11 DAMAGES AND DRAKE, and KAREN SCHNEIDER, COMPLAINT FOR 12 individually and on behalf of all others INDIVIDUAL CLAIMS similarly situated, 13 Plaintiffs, JURY TRIAL DEMANDED. 14 V. 15 E.I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO., a Delaware corporation, GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., a New York corporation, UNC NUCLEAR INDUSTRIES, INC., a 16 17 Delaware corporation, ATLANTIC 18 RICHFIELD CO., a Delaware corporation, ATLANTIC RICHFIELD HANFORD CO., 19 a Delaware corporation, ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL CORP., a Delaware corporation, FLUOR DANIEL HANFORD, a Washington corporation, BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE, a non-profit 21 organization, PACIFIC NORTHWEST LĂBORATÓRY, a Washington corporation, CH2M HILL HANFORD GROUP, INC., a Delaware corporation, 23 WESTINGHOUSE HANFORD 24 COMPANY, a Delaware corporation, LOCKHEED MARTIN, a Maryland corporation, and HANFORD 25 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH FOUNDATION, INC., a non-profit 26 organization, 27 Defendants. 28

ORIGINAL



The above Plaintiffs, through undersigned counsel, file this Complaint and, based on personal knowledge or information and belief, state as follows:

#### I. INTRODUCTION

- without their consent through their activities at the Hanford Nuclear Reservation.

  Defendants exposed the public and the surrounding environment to radioactive and other hazardous materials. Defendants violated peoples' rights and used individuals to serve as receptacles for Defendants' radioactive and hazardous wastes. Such conduct is unmistakably barbarous and immoral, and was in direct contravention of the Defendants' legal duty to protect and safeguard the health and welfare of the class of Plaintiffs bringing this Complaint.
- 1.2 The Defendants did not simply irradiate and expose the Plaintiffs to radioactive hazardous materials on isolated hazardous occasions. Instead, they did so systematically and daily without informing Plaintiffs of the potential dangers, which would have permitted the Plaintiffs and other class members the opportunity to protect themselves and their families from harm. According to the Defendants, warning the public would have jeopardized the production of plutonium at the Hanford Nuclear Reservation ("Hanford"), or otherwise turned the local population against the operation of Hanford. Thus in their rush to produce plutonium, to keep laborers, the Defendants kept quiet about the worker and public health risks concerning production no matter the cost.
- 1.3 The Defendants also deceived the public into a false sense of security. Whenever anyone questioned the Defendants about human health and safety of those living in the geographic vicinity of or working at Hanford, they were assured by the Defendants that they had nothing to fear because Hanford was safe and there was no risk of adverse health consequences.
- 1.4 The Defendants are present and former operators of Hanford which produced weapons-grade plutonium used by the United States in its nuclear weapons programs, as well

as the radioactive and other hazardous by-products of production for nearly 45 years.

- 1.5 Despite the Defendants' knowledge of the danger posed by radiation exposure and the duty they had to warn the public of any hazardous releases, Defendants failed to warn the public of any releases. Indeed, when asked if any radioactive material had ever been released, Defendants lied, responding that not one atom had ever escaped from Hanford.
- 1.6 Plaintiffs have been injured as a direct result of the Defendants' acts and omissions and seek declaratory, injunctive, and compensatory relief including, but not limited to, a public apology by the Defendants for intentionally irradiating the public and exposing them to hazardous materials without their consent; an acknowledgment that Defendants' intentional and reckless acts were contrary to the fundamental principles identified at Nuremberg; an admission of responsibility for any harm which might be associated with an unlawful release from the Hanford facility; full disclosure of Defendants' activities at the Hanford facility; medical monitoring, care, and treatment; and compensatory and punitive damages to the extent permitted by law.

#### II. FEDERAL JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2.1 Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and as a class described below, state that they are former employees of Defendants; frequenters and invitees, who transacted business regularly or for extended periods of time on the Hanford Nuclear Reservation; the families of Defendants' employees; residents of Richland, Washington and/or Camp Hanford; and residents of Washington, Idaho, and Oregon who lived downriver or downwind from Hanford.
- 2.2 Defendants are government contractors that operated the Hanford facility including:
- 2.2.1 E.I. DuPont de Nemours and Company ("DuPont"), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Wilmington, Delaware, which served as the operator of Hanford from 1942-1946. During the same time, DuPont was responsible for

#### **CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT-3**

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all health and safety services of Richland, Washington and the public's welfare because Richland was a "company town."

- General Electric Company ("GE"), a New York Corporation with 2.2.2 its principal place of business in Fairfield, Connecticut, which, either itself or through its agents, served as the Hanford operator from 1946-1967. From 1946 until 1959, GE was responsible for all health and safety services of Richland, Washington and the public's welfare because Richland was a "company town."
- UNC Nuclear Industries, Inc. ("UNC"), a Delaware corporation 2.2.3 with its principal place of business in Annapolis, Maryland, is the successor to Douglas United Nuclear, Inc. which, either itself or through its agents, served as the principal operator of the reactors and fuel fabrication plants from 1967 until 1987. UNC has four parent companies: GE Engine Services UNC Holdings, Inc. II, GE Engine Services UNC Holdings, Inc. I, GE Engine Services - Miami, Inc., and General Electric Company.
- Atlantic Richfield Company ("ARCO"), a Delaware corporation 2.2.4 with its principal place of business in Los Angeles, California, which, either itself or through its agents such as Atlantic Richfield-Hanford Company, served as an operator of Hanford from 1967-1977. Atlantic Richfield-Hanford Company ("ARHCO") is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business currently unknown, and is wholly owned by ARCO. Atlantic Richfield operated Hanford's plutonium processing and separations plants, and supervised the operation and maintenance of Hanford's underground waste storage tanks.
- 2.2.5 Rockwell International Corporation ("Rockwell"), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in El Segundo, California, which, either itself or through its agents, served as an operator of Hanford from 1977-1987. Rockwell operated Hanford's plutonium processing and separations plants, and supervised the operation and maintenance of Hanford's underground waste storage tanks. Rockwell has been renamed Boeing, N.A., Inc., and has one parent corporation, The Boeing Company.
- Isochem, Inc. ("Isochem"), a Washington corporation with its 2.2.6 principal place of business in Seattle, Washington, which, either itself or through its agents,

served as an operator of Hanford from 1965-1967. Isochem operated Hanford's plutonium processing and separations plants, and supervised the operation and maintenance of Hanford's underground waste storage tanks. Isochem was a joint venture of U.S. Rubber Corp. and Martin-Marietta, Corp. Martin-Marietta is now known as Lockheed Martin Corp., a Maryland corporation with its principal place of business in Bethesda, Maryland.

- 2.2.7 Battelle Pacific Northwest National Laboratory ("PNNL" or "Battelle") an Ohio non-profit corporation with its principal place of business in Columbus, Ohio, which, either itself or through its agents, served as a research and development contractor at Hanford from 1965 to the present.
- 2.2.8 The Hanford Environmental Health Foundation, Inc. ("HEHF"), a Washington non-profit corporation with its principal place of business in Richland, Washington, which, either itself or through its agents, served as a provider of occupational health and other activities at Hanford from 1965 to the present.
- 2.2.9 Westinghouse Hanford Company ("WHC") a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business currently unknown and which, either itself or through its agents, served as the managing contractor of Hanford from 1987-1996. WHC operated Hanford's reactors, plutonium processing and separations plants, and supervised the operation and maintenance of Hanford's underground waste storage tanks. WHC is now known as Westinghouse Government Services Company LLC and is a subsidiary of Morrison Knudsen Corp.
- 2.2.10 Fluor Daniel Hanford, Inc., ("FDH"), a Washington corporation and a subsidiary of Flour Damniel, Inc., a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Aliso Viejo, California, which, either itself or through its agents, served as an operator of Hanford from 1996 to the present. FDH is in charge of managing the work under the Project Hanford Management Contract.
- 2.2.11 CH2M Hill Hanford Group, Inc. ("CHG"), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business currently unknown. CHG is a subsidiary of CH2M Hill Companies, Ltd., an Oregon corporation with its principal place of business in

Greenwood Village, Colorado. CHG is currently responsible for the operation and maintenance of Hanford's underground waste storage tanks.

- 2.3 Each and every defendant has sufficient contacts or ties to the state of Washington so as to subject it to the jurisdiction of this Court.
- 2.4 The Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 inasmuch as Plaintiffs have alleged liability arising under Federal law, specifically the Constitution of the United States, 42 U.S.C. § 1983, The Nuremberg Code and the laws of humanity, Atomic Energy Act, 42 U.S.C. § 2011 et seq., and the Price-Anderson Act, 42 U.S.C. § 2210 et seq. Plaintiffs also seek declaratory relief pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.
- 2.5 The Court has jurisdiction over the non-federal claims arising under the Constitution of the State of Washington, applicable state law based on the doctrines of ancillary and pendent jurisdiction.
- 2.6 Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) and 42 U.S.C. § 9613(b) because the claims arose this Judicial District, and 42 U.S.C. § 2210(n)(2) inasmuch as the nuclear incidents and/or extraordinary nuclear occurrences giving rise to Plaintiffs' claims took place in this Judicial District.

#### III. CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 3.1 Plaintiffs bring this class action pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23, specifically under 23(a); 23(b)(1)(A); 23(b)(2); and 23(b)(3).
  - 3.2 The Class should be divided into the following subclasses:
- 3.2.1 Subclass I: Persons who lived in Richland, Washington, at Camp Hanford, or otherwise resided within a geographic area under the control of Defendants from 1944-1959.
- 3.2.2 Subclass II: Families, invitees, frequenters or persons who presently have a disease caused by Defendants' conduct and who are not members of Subclass I ("Personal Injury Subclass").
  - 3.2.3 Subclass III: Families, invitees, frequenters or persons who are

not members of Subclass I or II, and who are at risk of contracting disease caused by Defendants' actions at Hanford and thus require medical monitoring ("Medical Monitoring Subclass").

- 3.3 Plaintiffs believe that because of the number of potential class members that joinder of all members is impracticable. While the exact number of class members is unknown to Plaintiffs at this time, Plaintiffs believe that there are at least ten thousand members. In fact, the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry estimates that there are 14,000 persons who would qualify under Subclass III.
  - 3.4 Among the questions of law and fact common to the members of Subclass I:
- 3.4.1 Whether Defendants are "state actors" and/or "federal actors" for purposes of § 1983 claims or *Bivens* actions.
- 3.4.2 Whether Defendants actions deprived class members of their constitutional rights under the United States Constitution and/or the Constitution for the State of Washington.
- 3.4.3 Whether the Washington Constitution provides greater protections than the United States Constitution and is analyzed independently from the United States Constitution under *Gunwall*.
- 3.4.4 Whether the Defendants are strictly liable for the defective and unreasonably dangerous conditions at Hanford and its safety systems.
- 3.4.5 The causes of the emissions, releases, and leaks of radiation and other hazardous materials and their fiscal impact on the class.
- 3.4.6 Whether any of the Defendants breached their contract with the government.
- 3.4.7 Whether, through its operations, Defendants received a benefit to the detriment of the owners.
- 3.4.8 Whether Defendants's enrichment at the expense of the owners was unjust.
  - 3.4.9 The amount of Defendants's unjust enrichment.

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1	The foreseeability of emissions, releases, and leaks of radioactive		
2	and other hazardous material and the fiscal impact on the class.		
3	3.4.11 Whether any of the Defendants failed to warn people of the		
4	dangerous conditions at Hanford.		
5	What precautions, if any, were taken after the end of World War		
6	II in 1945 to deal with the emissions, releases, and leaks of radiation and other hazardous		
7	materials.		
8	3.4.13 Whether the Defendants are liable under 42 U.S.C. §§		
9	2210(n)(2), 2210(o), or 2210(b).		
10	3.4.14 Whether a "nuclear incident" giving rise to public liability under		
11	the Price-Anderson Act occurred at Hanford.		
12	3.4.15 Whether an "Extraordinary Nuclear Occurrence" under the Price-		
13	Anderson Act occurred at Hanford.		
14	3.4.16 Whether the Defendants violated and are liable under 18 U.S.C.		
15	§ 1001.		
16	3.4.17 Whether any of the Defendants acted intentionally, wilfully,		
17	recklessly, or with gross negligence in failing to take precautions to warn class members after		
18	the first emissions, releases, and leaks of radiation and other hazardous materials at Hanford.		
19	3.4.18 Whether Defendants' misconduct, violations of law, and/or		
20	breaches of legal duty caused the injuries alleged by Plaintiffs.		
21	3.4.19 Whether members of the class have sustained damage.		
22	3.4.20 Whether exposure to radiation and other hazardous materials has		
23	increased or may increase class members' risk of contracting serious diseases such as cancer		
24	or suffering other severe health consequences.		
25	3.4.21 Whether the increased risk makes periodic medical examinations		
26	or biological testing reasonably necessary.		
27	3.4.22 Whether monitoring and testing procedures exist which can:		
28	(1) detect exposure to contamination so that additional steps to minimize exposure may be		

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1	taken; and (2) make early detection and treatment of serious latent diseases possible and			
2	beneficial.			
3	3.5	Among the c	ommon questions of law and fact common to Subclass II are:	
4		3.5.1	Whether the Defendants are strictly liable for the defective and	
5	unreasonably	dangerous co	onditions at Hanford and its safety systems.	
6		3.5.2	The causes of the emissions, releases, and leaks of radiation and	
7	other hazardous materials and their fiscal impact on the class.			
8		3.5.3	Whether any of the Defendants breached their contract with the	
9	government.			
10		3.5.4	Whether, through its operations, Defendants received a benefit	
11	to the detriment of the owners.			
12		3.5.5	Whether Defendants's enrichment at the expense of the owners	
13	was unjust.			
14	ı	3.5.6	The amount of Defendants's unjust enrichment.	
15		3.5.7	The foreseeability of emissions, releases, and leaks of radioactive	
16	and other hazardous material and the fiscal impact on the class.			
17		3.5.8	Whether any of the Defendants failed to warn the employees of	
18	the dangerous conditions at Hanford.			
19		3.5.9	What precautions, if any, were taken after the end of World War	
20	II in 1945 to	deal with the	emissions, releases, and leaks of radiation and other hazardous	
21	materials.			
22		3.5.10	Whether the Defendants are liable under 42 U.S.C. §§	
23	2210(n)(2), 2	2210(o), or 22	10(b).	
24		3.5.11	Whether a "nuclear incident" giving rise to public liability under	
25	the Price-Anderson Act occurred at Hanford.			
26		3.5.12	Whether an "Extraordinary Nuclear Occurrence" under the Price-	
27	Anderson Act occurred at Hanford.			
28		3.5.13	Whether the Defendants violated and are liable under 18 U.S.C.	
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**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT-9** 

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1	§ 1001.			
2	3.5.14 Whether any of the Defendants acted intentionally, wilfully,			
3	recklessly, or with gross negligence in failing to take precautions to warn class members after			
4	the first emissions, releases, and leaks of radiation and other hazardous materials at Hanford.			
5	3.5.15 Whether Defendants' misconduct, violations of law, and/or			
6	breaches of legal duty caused the injuries alleged by Plaintiffs.			
7	3.5.16 Whether members of the class have sustained damage.			
8	3.5.17 Whether Defendants proximately caused radiation and other			
9	hazardous materials to be released into the environment where the Plaintiffs could come in			
10	contact with them.			
11	3.5.18 Whether Plaintiffs have been exposed to radiation and other			
12	hazardous materials.			
13	3.5.19 Whether Plaintiffs have been diagnosed with a radiogenic			
14	disease, including, but not limited to, the diseases identified in Exhibit 1, or were killed			
15	because of their exposure to radiation and other hazardous materials.			
16	3.5.20 Whether Plaintiffs experienced any pain and suffering because of			
17	the diseases caused by radiation and other hazardous materials.			
18	3.6 In addition to the common questions of law and fact identified for Subclass II,			
19	common questions of law and fact to Subclass III include:			
20	3.6.1 Whether class members have been or may be exposed to			
21	radiation and other hazardous materials that the Defendants' released.			
22	3.6.2 Whether exposure to radiation and other hazardous materials has			
23	increased or may increase class members' risk of contracting serious diseases such as cancer			
24	or suffering other severe health consequences.			
25	3.6.3 Whether the increased risk makes periodic medical examinations			
26	or biological testing reasonably necessary.			
27	3.6.4 Whether monitoring and testing procedures exist which can:			
28	(1) detect exposure to contamination so that additional steps to minimize exposure may be			
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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT- 10 281390.2/614#02!/016058.00001

taken; and (2) make early detection and treatment of serious latent diseases possible and beneficial.

- 3.6.5 The amount of money that is necessary to establish a court-supervised fund to pay for the prudent medical and biological monitoring of Subclass III, the Medical-Monitoring Class.
- 3.7 The class representatives are identified below. Each representative Plaintiff is a member of the proposed class or subclass that he or she seeks to represent. The claims alleged by each representative Plaintiff are typical of the class that he or she seeks to represent. The claims of the representative Plaintiffs and the claims of the respective class members arise out of the same course of conduct:

#### 3.7.1 Subclass I Representatives:

Seattle, Washington. From 1944-1953, Mr. Lumpkin lived in Richland, Washington. Richland was a "company town" and has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct related to operations and maintenance at Hanford described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Lumpkin's constitutional rights were violated, and he has suffered from thyroid cancer and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Lumpkin has also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, his own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering.

3.7.1.2 Plaintiff ANN TABASINSKE is a resident of Seattle, Washington. From 1945-1963, Ms. Tabasinske lived in Richland, Washington. Richland was a "company town" and has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct related to operations and maintenance at Hanford described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Tabasinske's constitutional rights were violated, and she is at significant

3.7.2 Subclass II Representatives:

3.7.2.1 Plaintiff CAROLE BENSHAW is a resident of Calabasas, California. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Benshaw lived in geographic proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently

risk of suffering disease including thyroid disease, cancer, and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Tabasinske has also suffered emotional distress because of Defendants' conduct.

3.7.1.3 Plaintiff CAROLYN THOMAS is a resident of Lake Zurich, Illinois. From 1949-1953, Ms. Thomas lived in Richland, Washington. Richland was a "company town" and has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct related to operations and maintenance at Hanford described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Thomas's constitutional rights were violated, she is at significant risk of suffering disease including thyroid disease, cancer, and associated conditions requiring medical treatment, and she has suffered physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, his own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering.

3.7.1.4 Plaintiff GAIL DRAKE is a resident of Portland, Oregon. From 1953-1956, Ms. Drake lived in Richland, Washington. Richland was a "company town" and has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct related to operations and maintenance at Hanford described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Drake's constitutional rights were violated, and she has suffered from thyroid cancer and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Drake also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, his own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering.

are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Benshaw has suffered from cancers and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Benshaw has also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, her own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

3.7.2.2 Plaintiff AMY ROBINSON is a resident of Irvine, California. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Robinson lived in geographic proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Robinson has suffered from cancers and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Robinson has also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, her own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Fox lived in geographic proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Fox has suffered from cancers and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Fox has also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, her own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

3.7.2.4 Plaintiff ANN MARIE BRIGHT is a resident of King County, Washington. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Bright lived in geographic proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials.

As a result of Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Bright has suffered from thyroid disease and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Bright has also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, her own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

3.7.2.5 Plaintiff GARY M. WEDERSPAHN is a resident of Boulder, Colorado. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Mr. Wederspahn lived in geographic proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Wederspahn has suffered from thyroid cancer and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Wederspahn has also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, his own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

County, Washington. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Ray lived in geographic proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Ray has suffered from thyroid disease and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Ray has also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, her own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

3.7.2.7 Plaintiff PATRICIA JEAN ZUMWALT is a resident of Congress, Arizona. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Zumwalt lived in geographic proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been

and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Zumwalt has suffered from cancers and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Zumwalt has also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, her own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

3.7.2.8 Plaintiff ANITA WETMORE is a resident of Glenwood, Washington. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Wetmore lived in geographic proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Wetmore has suffered from cancers and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Wetmore has also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, her own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

3.7.2.9 Plaintiff PETE WETMORE is a resident of Glenwood, Washington. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Mr. Wetmore lived in geographic proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Wetmore has suffered from cancers and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Wetmore has also suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, his own injuries as well as the emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

3.7.2.10 Plaintiff BERTHA CLARK is a resident of Hemet,
California. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Clark lived in geographic proximity
to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently are
substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of

Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Clark has suffered from

cancers and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Clark has also

suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and

mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, her own injuries as well as the

emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

Hemet, California. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Clark lived in geographic

proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently

are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of

Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Clark suffered from cancers

and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Clark also suffered severe

physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and mental pain and

suffering, including, but not limited to, his own injuries as well as the emotional pain and

Hills, California. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Schneider lived in geographic

proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently

are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials. As a result of

Defendants' misconduct described in this Complaint, Plaintiff Schneider has suffered from

cancers and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Schneider has also

suffered severe physical injury and general pain and suffering, and severe physical and

mental pain and suffering, including, but not limited to, her own injuries as well as the

emotional pain and suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

suffering because of the Defendants' misconduct set forth herein.

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Plaintiff CECIL CLARK (deceased) was a resident of

Plaintiff KAREN SCHNEIDER is a resident of Woodland

Plaintiff SHANNON STENBERG is a resident of Ormond

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3.7.3 Subclass III Representatives:

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Beach, Florida. During all times relevant to this lawsuit, Ms. Stenberg lived in geographic proximity to Hanford which has been identified as a site where there has been and presently

are substantial levels of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous substances. As a result of Defendants' misconduct in releasing radioactive and other hazardous materials at Hanford, Plaintiff Stenberg is at significant risk of suffering disease including thyroid disease, cancer, and associated conditions requiring medical treatment. Plaintiff Stenberg has also suffered emotional distress because of Defendants' conduct.

- 3.8 A class under 23(b)(1)(A) is appropriate because the prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the class would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the class which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the party opposing the class because, in addition to monetary damages, Plaintiffs are seeking to establish the rights and duties of Defendants with respect to various federal, state, and local statutes and regulations concerning the regulation of radioactive and/or other hazardous materials and constituents.
- 3.9 A class under 23(b)(2) is appropriate because the Defendants have acted, and refused to act, uniformly with respect to the Medical Monitoring Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief with respect to this class as a whole.
- 3.10 A class under 23(b)(2) is appropriate because the Defendants have acted, and refused to act, uniformly with respect to the Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief with respect to this class as a whole. This is demonstrated by the continued emissions, releases, and leaks of radioactive and other hazardous materials and constituents thereby exposing employees, frequenters, invitees, and their families, and the surrounding environment and properties to hazards for which injunctive or other equitable relief is appropriate.
- 3.11 A class under 23(b)(3) is appropriate because the questions of law and fact common to the members of each class and subclass predominate over any questions affecting only individual members.
- 3.12 A class under 23(b)(3) is appropriate because the questions a class action is superior to other available remedies for the fair and efficient adjudication of the claims presented in this complaint, and would prevent the undue financial, administrative, and

procedural burdens on the parties and on the court that hundreds of individual litigants would otherwise impose.

#### IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CLASS MEMBERS

- 4.1 Defendants have been knowingly and systematically irradiating and poisoning people living downwind and downriver from Hanford since the day the first reactor at Hanford came on-line, September 26, 1944. And since that first day, Defendants have failed to warn the public of the dangers they created by irradiating them and intentionally concealed from the harmed public the existence of the hazardous releases and the pathways of exposure.
- 4.2 Defendants' disregard for the lives and the fundamental rights of others "shocks the conscience."
- 4.3 Radiation is one of the deadliest substances in the world. There is no completely safe dose. Any exposure carries a certain risk.
- the purpose of producing plutonium and other materials for nuclear weapons. At all times relevant, at least one Defendant contracted with the United States to operate Hanford. From 1944 to the early 1970s and up to the present, radioactive and other hazardous materials were released, emitted, or negligently permitted to leak into the air, surface and ground waters, and soil. These radioactive and hazardous materials include, but are not limited to, radionuclides (radioactive elements) such as plutonium-239/240, ruthenium-103,-106, tritium (H-3), uranium-233,-235, iodine-131,-133, phosphorus-32, neptunium-239, cobalt-60, zinc-65, arsenic-76, manganese-56, copper-64, sodium-24, chromium-51, cesium-137, strontium-90 and krypton-85, all of which were produced by the processes Defendants' conducted at Hanford. These materials are extremely hazardous carcinogens and are known to cause the diseases and illnesses identified in Exhibit 1 and others. Exposure to these materials has also created a reasonable fear of contracting the diseases and illnesses identified herein.
  - 4.5 The unwanted entrance of radioactive and other hazardous materials referred to

herein into Plaintiffs' bodies have caused various physical injuries, general pain and suffering, physical and mental pain and suffering, and illness.

- 4.6 Certain defendants undertook many of the services vital to Richland and surrounding communities including, but not limited to, the fire department, police department, city government, schools, construction and infrastructure, and medical facilities and doctors.
- 4.7 Defendants have been in the business of manufacturing, processing, storing, disposing, releasing and otherwise handling radioactive and non-radioactive toxic materials at times relevant to this lawsuit.
- 4.8 Defendants have failed to comply with many requirements, statutes and regulations of the state of Washington and the federal government in the operation of the Hanford facility, and otherwise have failed to thoroughly acquaint themselves with the latest knowledge and technology associated with their activities referred to in this complaint.
- 4.9 Defendants have been aware during the aforementioned time periods of the fact they were releasing radioactive and other hazardous materials into the air, waters, and ground. Defendants failed and refused to take sufficient remedial measures to abate or lessen the emissions, releases of the toxic and hazardous material, even though they were aware of the significant health risks to the Plaintiffs associated with the releases in this case and the general public.
- 4.10 Defendants failed and refused to conduct adequate monitoring of releases of radioactive substances from Hanford operations including, but not limited to, release from the reactors, the separations facilities, other processing plants, storage basins, underground tanks, spills and leaks. This failure prevented the general public, government agencies, and Plaintiffs from obtaining accurate information regarding the type and extent of radiation released from Hanford that they were exposed to and the concomitant health risks.
- 4.11 Defendants failed and refused to conduct adequate offsite monitoring of the air, water, and ground to ascertain the amount of radioactive materials present in all geographic areas wherein people, crops and livestock were exposed, thereby preventing the general

public, relevant government agencies, and the Plaintiffs of the ability to know the extent of their exposure and the concomitant health risks they faced from such exposure.

- 4.12 Defendants failed and refused to monitor the dose of radiation and other hazardous materials to persons who Defendants knew, or should have known, were exposed thereby depriving those persons of information regarding the health risks that they faced and resulting in Plaintiffs being prevented by the Defendants from minimizing their health risks.
- 4.13 Defendants' failure to monitor releases, to monitor offsite contamination and to monitor the doses of radiation received by Plaintiffs and others prevented Plaintiffs from being able to accurately measure the dose of radiation that they received. Such failures on the part of the Defendants have necessitated both public and private dose reconstruction projects to attempt to ascertain the amount of radiation released from Hanford and the concomitant doses and health risks received by the Plaintiffs and other members of the public.
- 4.14 The actions of the Defendants described in this Complaint were designed to (and did) deprive Plaintiffs and others of accurate information regarding the dangers they were exposed to.
- 4.15 Defendants and each of them have withheld from the general public and Plaintiffs the fact of and extent to which there have been emissions from Hanford, and, in some instances, purposely deceived the public regarding both the fact of the emissions and the adverse health effects which were caused by those emissions.
- 4.16 Defendants' failure to notify Plaintiffs of the health risks of the emissions and the amount of radiation they were exposed to resulted in Plaintiffs being deprived of information of life and death importance to them and deprived Plaintiffs of an opportunity to limit their exposure to the hazardous emissions. Plaintiffs could not have reasonably determined the cause or extent of their injuries until recently, and were deprived of an opportunity to seek early medical examinations which could have resulted in early detection of diseases (such as cancers) at more successfully treatable stages.
- 4.17 The failure of Defendants to operate Hanford in a safe manner was the proximate cause of Plaintiffs' injuries.

# V. CLASS & INDIVIDUAL CLAIMS FOR RELIEF CAUSES OF ACTON ARISING UNDER THE CONSTITUTION

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: VIOLATION OF THE SUBSTANTIVE DUE PROCESS RIGHT TO BODILY INTEGRITY

- 5.1 Paragraphs 1 through 5.1 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference.
- 5.2 From 1944-1959, Defendants DuPont and General Electric performed government functions in Richland, Washington, and thus were instrumentalities of the State of Washington and/or the United States of America.
- 5.3 By their conduct of knowingly exposing and using humans as repositories for their radionuclides without their knowledge or consent, Defendants have deprived Plaintiffs of their constitutional right to bodily integrity, protected by the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and as that right has been developed and characterized in the courts, in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983 or actionable under *Bivens*.

## SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: VIOLATION OF THE SUBSTANTIVE DUE PROCESS RIGHT TO ACCESS TO THE COURTS

- 5.4 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.5 Defendants failed to disclose the radioactive and other hazardous emissions and health risks associated with living in Richland, working at the plant, residing in the vicinity of Hanford. Over the 50-plus years of Defendants' deception much evidence has been lost or destroyed, witnesses have died or are otherwise unavailable, and memories have faded. Consequently, Plaintiffs' claims have been substantially compromised by Defendants' conduct in violation of Plaintiffs' constitutional guarantees.

#### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION: PROCEDURAL DUE PROCESS VIOLATION

- 5.6 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.7 By their conduct, Defendants deprived Plaintiffs of their constitutional right to

access to the courts, protected by the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution, in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983 or otherwise actionable under *Bivens*. In particular, Defendants active concealment of the known dangers posed by the plutonium production process at Hanford, the emissions, releases, and leaks of radioactive and other hazardous materials, and the ongoing secret studies conducted using Plaintiffs or their property as subjects for the last 50 years, have substantially jeopardized the evidence needed for Plaintiffs' claims and usurped their opportunity to be heard. Individuals have died, people have moved from the region, reports have been lost or destroyed, and memories have faded so substantially that many claims will never be filed.

#### FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION: EQUAL PROTECTION VIOLATION

- 5.8 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.9 Defendants, by their conduct, deprived Plaintiffs of equal protection of the laws, actionable under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. In particular, Defendants intentionally chose not to warn the citizens they were obliged to protect, contractually and otherwise, of the fundamental health risks posed by plutonium production and waste storage at Hanford. Private actors performing a public function cannot, as a matter of law, arbitrarily deprive citizens of equal protection of the laws.

### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION: CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

- 5.10 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.11 The United States, in concert with the Defendants and others, conspired to keep the truth of Hanford and its danger a secret and made direct and systematic efforts to control public opinion and knowledge of the dangers related to Hanford. The government's failure to disclose and warn the public of the potential danger and their outright lies concerning the public's safety, prohibited the public the opportunity to protect itself. Through the silence, promises of safety and gainful employment, the government held the population captive to be used as receptacles for radiation, without their knowledge or consent in direct violation of guarantees to life, liberty, and property protected by the Constitution of the United States and CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT- 22

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in contravention of the laws of humanity.

## SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION: VIOLATION OF RIGHTS UNDER WASHINGTON STATE CONSTITUTION

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5.12 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.

of Washington citizens as guaranteed under the Washington Constitution, including, but not limited to Article I, §§ 3, 7, 12, or 32. Under *Gunwall*, these rights may be more protective than the federal constitutional guarantees. Thus, plaintiffs reallege the constitutional violations and

restate each one individually as a state constitutional violation. Damages will be proved at trial.

By Defendants' actions and omissions, they have violated the constitutional rights

#### CAUSES OF ACTION ARISING UNDER STATE LAW OR THE PRICE-ANDERSON ACT

#### SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENCE

5.14 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.

5.15 Defendants have breached numerous legal duties owed to Plaintiffs because they negligently, carelessly, and recklessly generated, handled, stored, treated, disposed of, and/or failed to control and contain radioactive and other hazardous materials. This has resulted in the actual and continued releases of such substances into the surrounding inhabited environment, and thereby subjected Plaintiffs to an unreasonable risk of harm and to injuries to their persons.

5.16 At all relevant times, Defendants were under contract with the United States government.

5.17 At all relevant times, Defendants operated and were responsible for the operation and maintenance of Hanford. Defendants accumulated, handled, processed, treated, stored, buried and otherwise disposed of significant quantities of radioactive and other hazardous materials on and off the Hanford Nuclear Reservation.

materials on and off the Hanford Nuclear Reservation.

5.18 Defendants knew or should have known that the failure to control and contain the

5.18 Defendants knew or should have known that the failure to control and contain the radiation and hazardous materials properly would result in damage to workers, their families and others who spent extended periods of time at Hanford, or downwind or downstream from CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT- 23

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**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT- 24** 

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releases, and leaks of radiation and other hazardous materials from Hanford occurred; and

- 5.19.10 Failing to diagnose and treat workers and civilian population who were exposed to radioactive and/or hazardous materials or constituents.
- 5.19.11 Failing to warn of the dangers from the radiation emissions, releases, and leaks has caused a substantial reduction in the Plaintiffs' life expectancy and chance to survive.
- 5.20 As a direct and proximate result of the above negligence, Plaintiffs and members of the class have been damaged. The damage includes, but is not limited to, loss of income, loss of jobs, diminished ability to secure employment or insurance, emotional distress including fear of cancer and other diseases, and contamination of property.

### EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION: STRICT LIABILITY FOR ABNORMALLY DANGEROUS ACTIVITY

- 5.21 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.22 The receipt, accumulation, storage, handling and processing, together with the burial and/or disposal of radioactive and/or ultra hazardous materials or constituents constitute abnormally dangerous activities.
- 5.23 These abnormally dangerous activities necessarily involve serious risk of harm to the person, land or chattels of another, and cannot be eliminated by the exercise of due care, nor are they a matter of common usage.
- 5.24 Defendants are therefore strictly liable to Plaintiffs and members of the class for all damages which have resulted and will result from the Defendants' activities at Hanford.
- 5.25 As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' abnormally dangerous enterprise and their resulting failure to contain radioactive and/or hazardous materials or constituents, Plaintiffs and class members have been damaged.

#### **NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION: TRESPASS**

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- Defendants have trespassed through unlawful and wrongful entry and damage 5.27 to Plaintiffs' land by depositing airborne particles of radiation and other hazardous materials on the Plaintiffs' properties without their permission or invitation. This trespass has caused actual and substantial damage to the Plaintiffs' properties, and has interfered with the Plaintiffs' exclusive possession of their properties. This trespass is ongoing.
- Defendants have trespassed through unlawful and wrongful entry and damage to Plaintiffs' bodies by depositing airborne particles of radiation and other hazardous materials into Plaintiffs' bodies without their permission or invitation. This trespass has caused actual and substantial damage to the Plaintiffs, and has interfered with the Plaintiffs' exclusive right to control their person. This trespass is ongoing.
- Defendants are liable for all damages proximately caused by its trespass. The amount of these damages will be proved at trial.

#### TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: NUISANCE

- Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs. 5.30
- Defendants, by depositing and by not removing airborne particles of 5.31 radionuclides and other hazardous materials upon the Plaintiffs' properties, proximately caused an invasion of the Plaintiffs' interest in the private use and enjoyment of their lands, which was intentional, unreasonable and actionable under law. These actions have created both a common law private nuisance under Washington law and a statutory private nuisance under RCW 7.48 et seq. This private nuisance is ongoing.
- Defendants, by depositing and by not removing airborne particles of radionuclides and other hazardous materials upon the Plaintiffs' properties in the geographic vicinity of Hanford, proximately caused an unlawful and unreasonable interference with a right common to the public. These actions have created a common law public nuisance under RCW 7.48.130, RCW 7.48.210, and RCW 9.66.010. This public nuisance is ongoing.
  - Defendants have operated Hanford in violation of state and/or federal laws,

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standards, and/or regulations, which conduct constitutes a nuisance per se. This nuisance is ongoing.

5.34 Defendants are liable for all damages proximately caused by its nuisance. The damages include, but are not limited to, exposure to radioactive and/or other hazardous materials, loss of jobs, loss of income, diminished ability to secure employment and insurance, and emotional distress including increased fear of cancer or other diseases, and contamination of Plaintiffs' personal property. The amount of the damages will be proved at trial.

#### ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: MISREPRESENTATION AND FRAUD

- 5.35 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.36 Defendants at all times relevant hereto maintained a continuing economic interest in the operation of Hanford.
- 5.37 Defendants failed, both negligently and intentionally, to disclose to Plaintiffs material facts concerning the nature, magnitude, and effects of the exposure of Plaintiffs to radioactive and/or other hazardous materials and constituents stored, handled, processes, or disposed of at Hanford.
- 5.38 Defendants made affirmative representations of material facts concerning the nature, quantity, and effects of the release of, and exposure to radioactive and/or other hazardous materials or constituents stored, handled, processed, or disposed of at the Hanford.
- 5.39 Defendants concealed, misrepresented, and failed to disclose the truth with the intention of creating a false impression of the actual facts in the minds of Plaintiffs and with the intention that Plaintiffs would refrain from seeking redress or pursuing remedial action.
- 5.40 As a matter of policy, Defendants conspired to conceal and misrepresent the true conditions at Hanford and the effects thereof.
- 5.41 Plaintiffs reasonably believed Defendants' misrepresentations and reasonably relied upon them in refraining until the present from seeking redress or taking precautions.
  - 5.42 As a further result of Defendants' deception and fraud, Plaintiffs and other

members of the class have suffered other damage including, but not limited to, exposure to radioactive and/or hazardous materials, loss of income, loss of jobs, diminished ability to secure employment and insurance, and emotional distress including, but not limited to, increased fear of cancer or other diseases, and contamination of Plaintiffs' personal property. These damages will be proved at trial.

#### TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION: OUTRAGE

- 5.43 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.44 Defendants actions and omissions in the operation of Hanford were so reckless, wanton, intentional and immoral, as to compel a reasonable person in the community to declare the same as atrocious, beyond decency, and utterly intolerable in a civilized society so as to constitute outrageous conduct and/or intentional infliction of emotional distress to the plaintiffs and the communities downwind from Hanford.
- 5.45 As a result of the Defendants' outrageous conduct, Plaintiffs have suffered physical injuries, general pain and suffering and severe physical and mental pain and suffering as set forth in this complaint in amounts to be proven at trial.

#### THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

- 5.46 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.47 As a result of Defendants' negligence and misconduct in releasing radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials from Hanford, Plaintiffs have suffered severe physical injury, general pain and suffering and severe emotional distress, including but not limited to fear of cancer and/or additional cancers.
- 5.48 Defendants' negligent infliction of emotional distress caused injuries to plaintiffs for which they seek damages as described herein and will be proved at trial.

#### FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: ASSAULT

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- Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- Defendants have committed an assault by the continued threat of release of 5.50 radiation into the environment inhabited by Plaintiffs.
- As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' assault, Plaintiffs and members of the class have been damaged. The damage includes, but is not limited to, loss of income, loss of jobs, diminished ability to secure employment or insurance, personal injuries, pain and suffering, emotional distress including fear of cancer and other diseases, and contamination of property. These damages will be proved at trial.

#### FIFTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BATTERY

- 5.52 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- Defendants have committed a battery by their release of radiation and other 5.53 hazardous materials into the environment inhabited by Plaintiffs knowing that such radioactive elements would have an effect upon Plaintiffs and become lodged in their bodies, continuing to detrimentally impact Plaintiffs.
- As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' battery, Plaintiffs and members of the class have been damaged. The damage includes, but is not limited to, loss of income, loss of jobs, diminished ability to secure employment or insurance, personal injuries, pain and suffering, emotional distress including fear of cancer and other diseases, and contamination of property. These damages will be proved at trial.

#### SIXTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF CONTRACT

- 5.55 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- The contract between Defendants and the United States government (through 5.56 the Atomic Energy Commission and its successor agencies) required the Defendants to take all reasonable steps necessary to protect the health and safety of employees and members of the public.
  - Defendants were also required by the contract to comply with all applicable

laws, regulations and ordinances of the United States and of the State, territory and political subdivision in which the work under said contract was to be performed.

- 5.58 Defendants willfully and repeatedly breached the terms of their contract with the United States government to the detriment of Plaintiffs and other members of the class, resulting in exposure to radioactive and other hazardous materials in excess of the limits established by the federal government and the State of Washington.
- 5.59 As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' breach of their contract with the United States government, Plaintiffs and other members of the class, as third-party beneficiaries to the contract, have been damaged. This damage includes, but is not limited to, exposure to radioactive and/or other hazardous materials, loss of jobs, loss of income, diminished ability to secure employment and insurance, and emotional distress including increased fear of cancer or other diseases, and contamination of Plaintiffs' personal property. Damages will be proved at trial.

#### SEVENTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: UNJUST ENRICHMENT

- 5.60 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.61 By operating Hanford in a way that allowed radiation and other hazardous materials to accumulate on Plaintiffs' property and in Plaintiffs' bodies, Defendants received the following benefits: (1) Defendants were able to operate Hanford without having to control dangerous emissions, releases, leaks, thus avoiding substantial pollution control costs, and (2) they stored radiation and other hazardous materials on Plaintiffs' properties and within Plaintiffs' bodies, thus avoiding the costs of collecting the radiation and other hazardous materials and storing and/or disposing of the hazardous materials elsewhere.
  - 5.62 Defendants obtained these benefits to the detriment of Plaintiffs.
- 5.63 Defendants enrichment at the expense of Plaintiffs was unjust. Plaintiffs should be compensated for these unjust enrichments in an amount to be proved at trial.

#### EIGHTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY

5.64 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.

5.65 Defendants assumed a fiduciary responsibility for the local citizens. As a direct and proximate result of the failure of Defendants to comply with their duties of care and good faith, Plaintiffs and other members of the class have suffered damage including, but not limited to, exposure to radioactive and/or hazardous materials, loss of income, loss of jobs, diminished ability to secure employment and insurance, and emotional distress including, but not limited to, increased fear of cancer or other diseases, and contamination of Plaintiffs' personal property. Damages will be proved at trial.

#### NINETEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: CONCERT OF ACTION

- 5.66 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.67 Defendants and each of them conspired among themselves and with others and agreed to hide, prevent, and otherwise conceal the true facts regarding the dangerousness of the operation of Hanford from Plaintiffs and the public. Defendants in concert with one another caused the release of the radioactive and other hazardous materials into the air, water, and underground pathways causing the injuries complained of herein, while publicly claiming that the Hanford operation was safe. Upon information and belief the Defendants and each of them conspired with one another to prevent the true facts regarding the hazards and potentially devastating health problems to plaintiffs and the public from being disclosed.
- 5.68 As a result of Defendants' actions, Plaintiffs were injured and seek damages including, but not limited to exposure to radioactive and/or hazardous materials, loss of income, loss of jobs, diminished ability to secure employment and insurance, and emotional distress including, but not limited to, increased fear of cancer or other diseases, and contamination of Plaintiffs' personal property. Damages will be proved at trial.

#### TWENTIETH CAUSE OF ACTION: MEDICAL MONITORING

- 5.69 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.70 Defendants deliberately, knowingly and negligently exposed the Plaintiffs to

radiation and other known hazardous materials.

- 5.71 As a result, Plaintiffs have been significantly exposed to radiation and other known hazardous materials.
- 5.72 Plaintiffs have an increased risk of contracting serious diseases as a result of the exposure. Those diseases may include thyroid disease, cancer, and even death.
- 5.73 The increased risk of such diseases makes periodic medical examinations reasonably necessary.
- 5.74 Monitoring and testing procedures exist that (1) can detect exposure to radiation and other hazardous materials so that additional steps to minimize exposure may be taken and (2) make early detection and treatment of serious latent diseases possible and beneficial.
- 5.75 As a result of their actions and omissions, resulting in Plaintiffs' increased risk of contracting disease, Defendants should be required to pay an amount to be established at trial into a court-supervised fund to pay for prudent medical and biological monitoring for Plaintiffs and the class.

## TWENTY-FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: INCREASED RISK AND FEAR OF DISEASE

- 5.76 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.77 Defendants' conduct has increased substantially the risk the Plaintiffs have in contracting thyroid disease or cancer. The Defendants should compensate the Plaintiffs for causing this anguish. Damages to be proved at trial.

#### TWENTY-SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: CIVIL CONSPIRACY

- 5.78 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.79 Defendants engaged, and continue to engage, in a civil conspiracy among themselves, some or all of their sub-contractors, and other persons unknown to Plaintiffs, to deprive Plaintiffs of their constitutional right to bodily integrity and access to the courts and

#### **CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT-32**

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to keep secret the true facts concerning the operations at Hanford. The co-conspirators engaged in acts that resulted in the intentional and illegal release of radioactive and non-radioactive hazardous materials into the environment while, among other things, operating under a veil of secrecy to prevent disclosure of their misconduct.

- 5.80 Every Defendants failure to act and inform the Plaintiffs of the true nature of Hanford aided and abetted the others in the furtherance of the conspiracy.
- 5.81 As a result of Defendants' conspiracy, Plaintiffs and other class members have been injured in their persons and property as described above and in amounts to be proven at trial.

#### **PUNITIVE DAMAGES**

- 5.82 Plaintiffs reallege all preceding paragraphs.
- 5.83 Defendants' actions and omissions described above were made with conscious disregard for the safety and rights of Plaintiffs and others that had a great probability of causing substantial harm, and such acts and omissions by Defendants directly and proximately caused the injuries to the Plaintiffs and other members of the class as aforementioned, all for which Plaintiffs and the members of the class are entitled to the amount of one hundred billion dollars (\$100,000,000,000) punitive damages, plus reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses.

#### RIGHT TO AMEND COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs reserve the right to amend this complaint in the future pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 15 and 23.

#### **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

Plaintiffs demand a trial by jury on all issues.

#### DESIGNATION OF PLACE OF TRIAL

Plaintiffs request trial in Spokane or Yakima, Washington.

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#### VI. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

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Plaintiffs pray for the following relief:

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A finding that this action should proceed as a class action under Fed. R. Civ. 6.1 P. 23;

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6.2 An award of actual damages for the injuries suffered to each of the Plaintiffs and class members in amounts to be proven at trial;

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An award of damages for violating Plaintiffs' constitutional rights and the laws 6.3 of humanity, in amounts to be proven at trial;

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An award for compensatory damages for the loss of the Plaintiffs' rights to 6.4 fully use and enjoy their properties; for any annoyance, irritation, and discomfort they have experienced as a result of Defendants' conduct; and for any other compensatory damages that

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may be shown, in amounts to be proven at trial;

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6.5 An award for just compensation to the Plaintiffs for Defendants' unjust enrichment at their expense, in amounts to be proven at trial;

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An award of punitive damages to Plaintiffs' reflecting Defendants' willful and 6.6 wanton disregard of their constitutional rights, property rights, and safety, in amounts to be proven at trial;

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A judgment declaring that the Defendants are liable, jointly and severally, to 6.7 the Plaintiffs for all future costs they incur in removing the contamination on their Properties

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caused by Defendants' actions; Declaratory and injunctive relief against each of the defendants in the form of

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an order directing the Defendants to abate the risks from the waste-storage operations at

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Hanford and to take all reasonable steps, including but not limited to, immediate and full

27 28 public disclosure of all relevant information in their possession to correct the potentially explosive conditions or abate the ongoing release of radioactive and other hazardous

#### **CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT- 34**

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materials into the environment: 1 An order forbidding the Defendants and future Hanford contractors from 6.9 2 releasing radiation and/or other hazardous materials from Hanford; 3 Complete disclosure of all studies, reports, analyses, data, and compilation, and 4 other similar information within the possession, custody, or control of each Defendant 5 concerning or relating to the releases of radioactive and/or other hazardous materials into the 6 inhabited environment surrounding Hanford and/or the possible health effects of such 7 8 releases; An admission of wrongdoing and a public apology for violating Plaintiffs' 9 constitutional rights; 10 The creation of a court-supervised fund, paid for by the Defendants in an 11 amount to be proven at trial, to pay for medical and biological monitoring for members of the Medical Monitoring Class and the establishment of a scientific research fund devoted to 13 issues benefitting Plaintiffs; 14 An award to Plaintiffs for their costs of suit, and their attorneys' fees, in an 15 6.13 amount to be determined at trial; 16 6.14 An award of any other relief that this Court deems proper at law or equity. 17 18 DATED: June 26, 2000. SHORT CRESSMAN & BURGESS PLLC 19 20 Bryan P. Coluccio, WSBA No. 12609 R. Brent Walton, WSBA No. 27395 999 Third Ave., Suite 3000 21 22 Seattle, Washington 98104 23 ENGSTROM, LIPSCOMB & LACK 24 Walter J. Lack, Esq. Brian Depew, Esq. 25 10100 Santa Monica Boulevard, 16th Floor Los Angeles, California 90067-4107 26 **GIRARDI & KEESE** 27 Thomas V. Girardi, Esq. 1126 Wilshire Boulevard 28

Los Angeles, California 90017

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT-35** 

281390.2/614#02!/016058.00001

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT-36** 

281390.2/614#02!/016058.00001

Case 2:00-cv-05052-WFN ECF No. 1 filed 06/28/00 PageID.36 Page 36 of 36